§ 308.2 Certificates of genuineness to be attached to trade-marks.

(a) To insure the widest distribution of genuine Indian handicraft products, and to protect the various enterprises organized by individual Indian craftsmen, or by groups of Indian craftsmen, for the purpose of the production and sale of such handicraft products, the Indian Arts and Crafts Board offers each such enterprise the privilege of attaching to its trademark a certificate declaring that it is recognized by the Indian Arts and Crafts Board as an Indian enterprise dealing in genuine Indian-made handicraft products, and that its trade-mark has the approval of the Board.

(b) The certificate shall consist of a border around the trade-mark bearing the words "Certified Indian Enterprise Genuine Handicrafts, U.S. Indian Arts and Crafts Board, Department of the Interior," and these words may be used wherever the trade-mark appears.

§ 308.3 Conditions of eligibility to attach certificates.

To be eligible to attach the certificate, an enterprise must meet the following conditions:

- (a) It must offer for sale only Indianmade genuine handicraft products, i.e., objects produced by Indian craftsmen with the help of only such devices as allow the manual skill of the maker to condition the shape and design of each individual product.
- (b) It must be entirely Indian owned and organized either by individual Indians or by groups of Indians.
- (c) It must agree to apply certificates of genuineness only to such products as meet the standards of quality prescribed by the Indian Arts and Crafts Board at the time of the application of the enterprise for the privilege of attaching the certificate.
- (d) It must agree to obtain the approval of the Indian Arts and Crafts Board as to the manner of production of the certificates.

§308.4 Revocation of privilege of attaching certificates.

If an enterprise, after securing the privilege of attaching the certificates, should fail to meet the above-named

conditions, the Board reserves the right to revoke the privilege.

PART 309—PROTECTION OF INDIAN ARTS AND CRAFTS PRODUCTS

Sec.

309.1 How do the regulations in this part carry out the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990?

309.2 What are the key definitions for purposes of the Act?

309.3 How will statements about Indian origin of art or craft products be interpreted?

309.4 How can an individual be certified as an Indian artisan?

309.5 What penalties apply?

309.6 How are complaints filed?

AUTHORITY: 18 U.S.C. 1159, 25 U.S.C. 305 et seq.

Source: 61 FR 54555, Oct. 21, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 309.1 How do the regulations in this part carry out the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990?

These regulations define the nature and Indian origin of products protected by the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990 (18 U.S.C. 1159, 25 U.S.C. 305 et seq.) from false representations, and specify how the Indian Arts and Crafts Board will interpret certain conduct for enforcement purposes. The Act makes it unlawful to offer or display for sale or sell any good in a manner that falsely suggests it is Indian produced, an Indian product, or the product of a particular Indian, or Indian tribe, or Indian arts and crafts organization resident within the United States.

§ 309.2 What are the key definitions for purposes of the Act?

- (a) *Indian* as applied to an individual means a person who is a member of an Indian tribe or for purposes of this part is certified by an Indian tribe as a nonmember Indian artisan (in accordance with the provisions of § 309.4).
- (b) *Indian artisan* means an individual who is certified by an Indian tribe as a non-member Indian artisan.
- (c) Indian arts and crafts organization means any legally established arts and crafts marketing organization composed of members of Indian tribes.

§ 309.3

- (d) Indian product—(1) In general. Indian product means any art or craft product made by an Indian.
- (2) *Illustrations*. The term "Indian product" includes, but is not limited to:
- (i) Art works that are in a traditional or non-traditional Indian style or medium:
- (ii) Crafts that are in a traditional or non-traditional Indian style or medium:
- (iii) Handcrafts, i.e. objects created with the help of only such devices as allow the manual skill of the maker to condition the shape and design of each individual product.
- (3) Exclusion for products made before 1935. The provisions of this part shall not apply to any art or craft products made before 1935.
 - (e) Indian tribe means—
- (1) Any Indian tribe, band, nation, Alaska Native village, or any organized group or community which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians; or
- (2) Any Indian group that has been formally recognized as an Indian tribe by a State legislature or by a State commission or similar organization legislatively vested with State tribal recognition authority.
- (f) Product of a particular Indian tribe or Indian arts and crafts organization means that the origin of a product is identified as a named Indian tribe or named Indian arts and crafts organization.

[61 FR 54555, Oct. 21, 1996; 61 FR 57002, Nov. 5, 1996]

§ 309.3 How will statements about Indian origin of art or craft products be interpreted?

- (a) In general. The unqualified use of the term "Indian" or of the term "Native American" or the unqualified use of the name of an Indian tribe, in connection with an art or craft product, is interpreted to mean for purposes of this part that—
- (1) The maker is a member of an Indian tribe, is certified by an Indian tribe as a non-member Indian artisan, or is a member of the particular Indian tribe named; and

- (2) The art or craft product is an Indian product.
- (b) Products of Indians of foreign tribes—(1) In general. The unqualified use of the term "Indian" or of the term "Native American" or the unqualified use of the name of a foreign tribe, in connection with an art or craft product, regardless of where it is produced and regardless of any country-of-origin marking on the product, is interpreted to mean for purposes of this part that—
- (i) The maker is a member of an Indian tribe, is certified by an Indian tribe as a non-member Indian artisan, or is a member of the particular Indian tribe named;
- (ii) The tribe is resident in the United States; and
- (iii) The art or craft product is an Indian product.
- (2) Exception where country of origin is disclosed. Paragraph (b) of this section does not apply to any art or craft for which the name of the foreign country of tribal ancestry is clearly disclosed in conjunction with marketing of the product.

Example. X is a lineal descendant of a member of Indian Tribe A. However, X is not a member of Indian Tribe A, nor is X certified by Indian Tribe A as a non-member Indian artisan. X may not be described in connection with the marketing of an art or craft product made by X as an Indian, a Native American, a member of an Indian tribe, a member of Tribe A, or as a non-member Indian artisan of an Indian tribe. However, the true statement may be used that X is of Indian descent, Native American descent, or Tribe A descent.

[61 FR 54555, Oct. 21, 1996; 61 FR 57002, Nov. 5, 1996]

§ 309.4 How can an individual be certified as an Indian artisan?

- (a) In order for an individual to be certified by an Indian tribe as a nonmember Indian artisan for purposes of this part—
- (1) The individual must be of Indian lineage of one or more members of such Indian tribe; and
- (2) The certification must be documented in writing by the governing body of an Indian tribe or by a certifying body delegated this function by the governing body of the Indian tribe.